



Body Dysmorphic Disorder

Lisa Zakhary, MD PhD

Medical Director, OCD and Related Disorders Program

Director of Psychopharmacology, Excoriation Clinic and Research Unit

Massachusetts General Hospital

11/07/2020

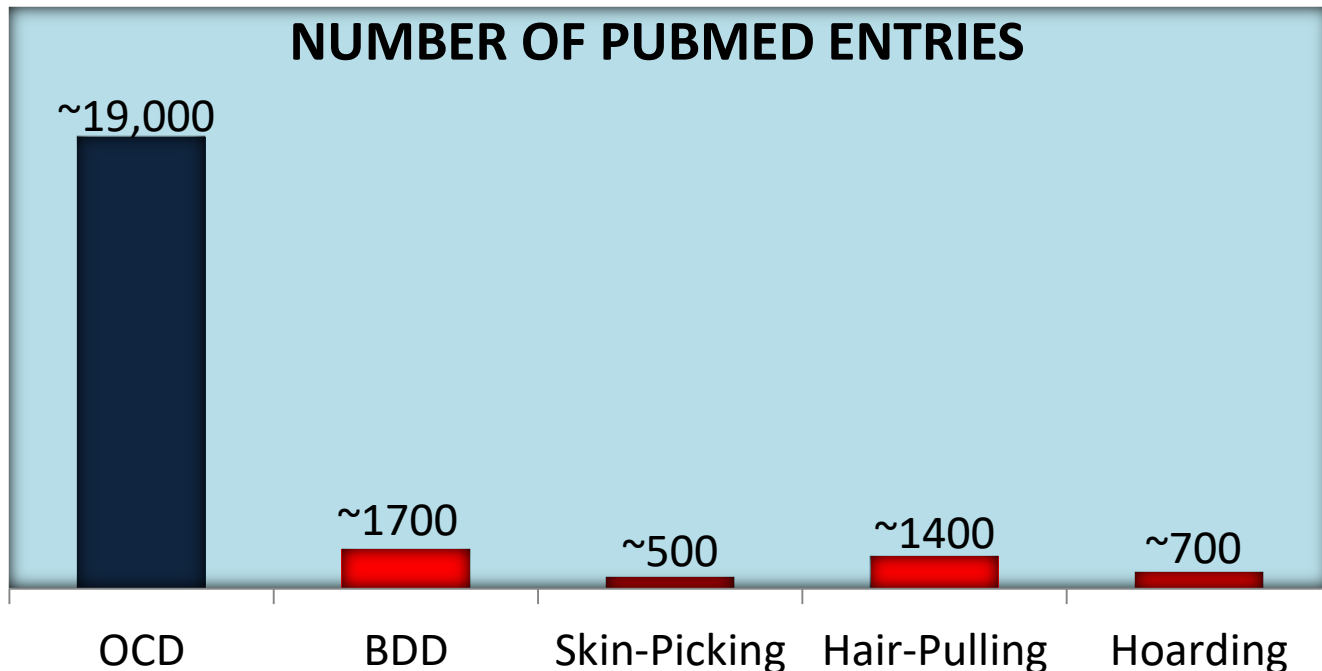
Disclosures

Research Support: Promentis Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Obsessive-Compulsive Related Disorders (OCRDs)

- Body Dysmorphic Disorder
- Excoriation (Skin-Picking) Disorder
- Trichotillomania (Hair-Pulling Disorder)
- Hoarding Disorder

Off-label



Obsessive-Compulsive Related Disorders (OCRDs)

- Body Dysmorphic Disorder
- Excoriation (Skin-Picking) Disorder
- Trichotillomania (Hair-Pulling Disorder)
- Hoarding Disorder

Clinical features

- Distressing preoccupation with **imagined or slight defect in appearance**
- Usually involves skin, hair, nose, but can involve any body part
- Variable insight, may be **delusional**
- Pts often present to a dermatologist or cosmetic surgeon
- **Common:** 2.4 % prevalence in general population, 12 % in outpatient dermatology clinic, and 33% in pts seeking rhinoplasty



Clinical features (cont.)



- **Repetitive behaviors**
 - Mirror checking
 - Excessive grooming
 - Camouflaging
 - Comparing
 - Reassurance seeking
- Avoidance, may be housebound
- **SI** common

Diagnosis of BDD in DSM-5

- Preoccupation with perceived defects in physical appearance that are not observable or appear slight to others
- Individual performs repetitive behaviors (e.g. mirror checking) or mental acts (e.g. comparing appearance) in response to concerns
- Causes significant distress or impairment
- **Not better explained by an eating disorder** (e.g. concerns with body fat or weight)

*Specify **insight**: good/fair, poor, or absent/delusional*

Treatment

- Studies limited
- **~75% of BDD pts seek cosmetic treatments** which only rarely improve BDD sx
- Pts with BDD much **more likely to sue** their surgeons
- 4 surgeons murdered by pts with BDD
- **SSRIs** and **CBT** are first-line treatments

SSRI trial in BDD

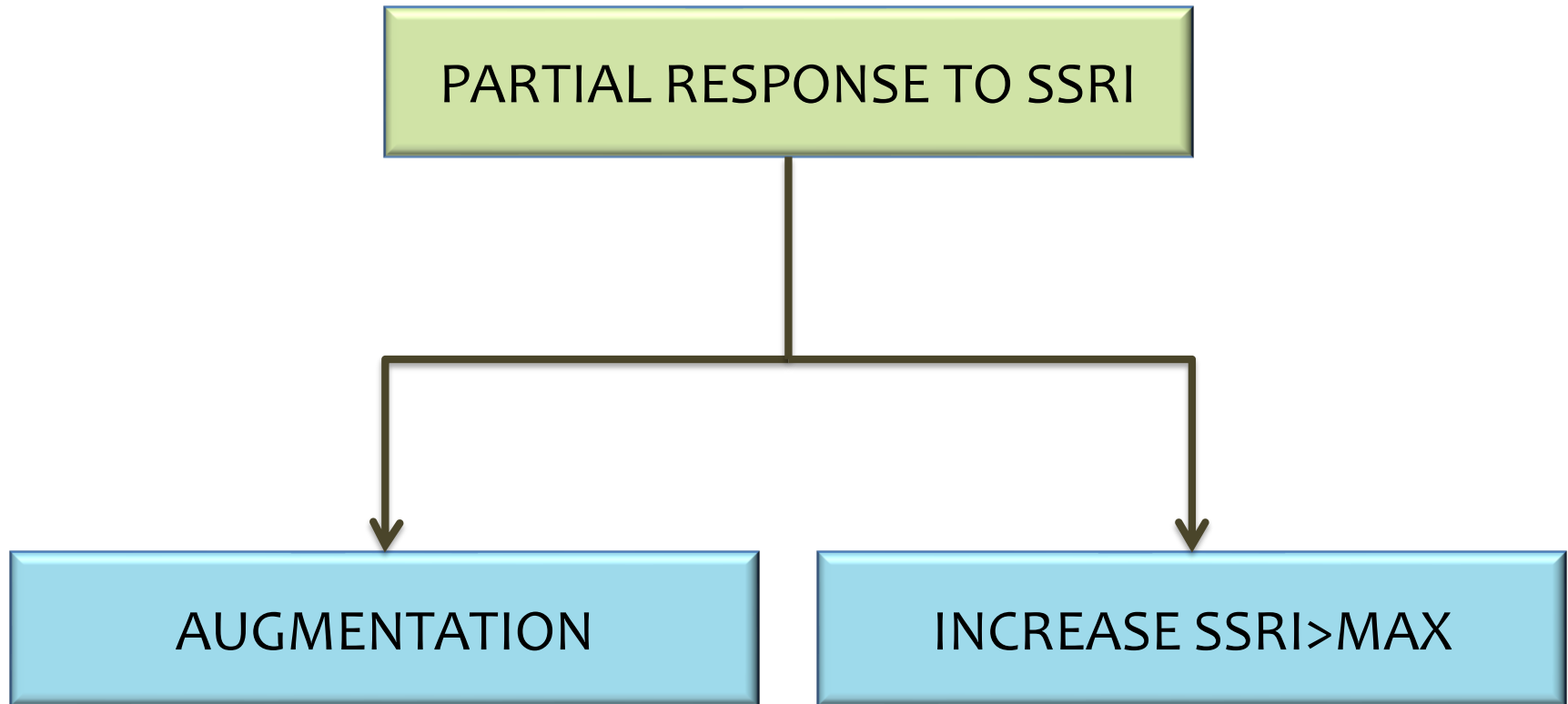
- **High doses** (max or >max) often required
- **Response delayed** (4-6 wks for initial effect, 10-12 wks for full effect)
- **Trial length: 12 wks** (4-6 wks at the maximum tolerable dose)
- **Rapid titration** recommended
- Duration of treatment (not well-studied)
 - Only one relapse study to date, 40% relapse if SSRI stopped <6 mo
 - given lethality of BDD, **SSRI recommended several years or longer**

Which SSRI for BDD?

SRIs thought to be equally effective but due to **high dose** requirements in BDD, SRIs with **lower side effect profiles typically trialed first**

Drug Name	Target Dose	Advantages	Disadvantages
Escitalopram	20 mg/d	well-tolerated	
Sertraline	200 mg/d	well-tolerated	
Fluoxetine	80 mg/d	well-tolerated, long half-life, activating	drug interactions
Citalopram	40 mg/d	well-tolerated	potential \uparrow QTc, Reduced max dose may not be sufficient in BDD
Paroxetine	60 mg/d		sedation, weight gain, short half-life
Fluvoxamine	300 mg/d		sedation, weight gain

Improving a partial SSRI response



SSRI augmenting agents in BDD

- Limited studies, very **few options**
- **Buspirone** (60 mg TDD) shows benefit in open-label & chart-review study
- Atypical antipsychotics-not well studied but often used
 - **Aripiprazole**, beneficial in 1 case report, 10 mg/d
 - **Risperidone**, beneficial in 1 case report, 4 mg/d
 - Olanzapine, mixed case reports (2 robust, 6 no effect), ~5 mg/d
 - In chart review study, only 15% respond to antipsychotic augmentation but effect size large
 - Typical antipsychotic pimozide, not efficacious in RCT
- **Clomipramine**, beneficial in 4 case reports, ~125 mg/d
 - Start low dose (25-50 mg) and monitor EKG and level while titrating

Above max SSRI dosing in BDD

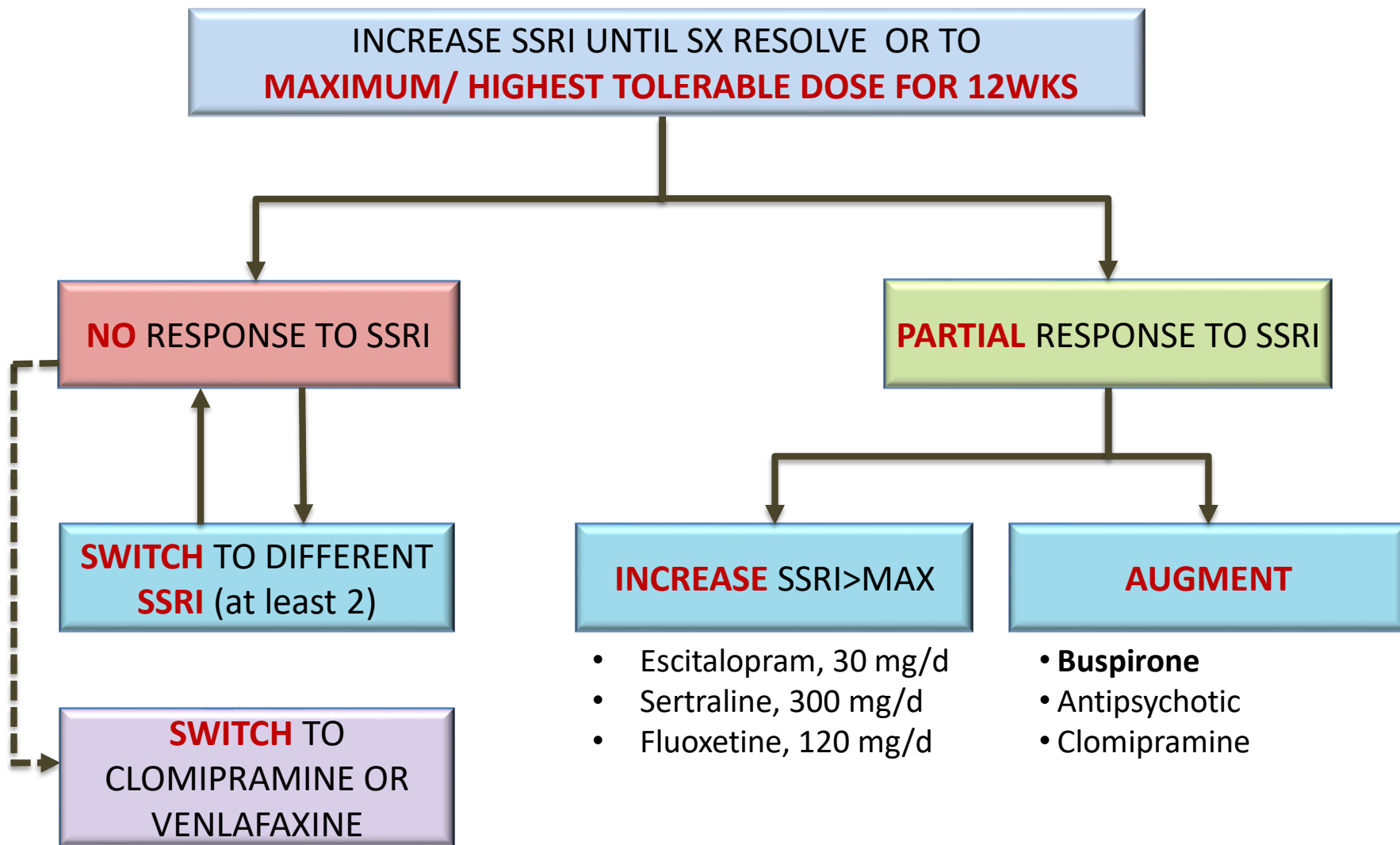
SSRI	Drug	FDA Max Dose	Reported BDD >max dosing	My max dosing	Notes
	Escitalopram	20 mg/d	Up to 50 mg/d	30 mg/d	Check EKG
	Sertraline	200 mg/d	Up to 400mg/d	300mg/d	
	Fluoxetine	80 mg/d	Up to 100mg/d	120 mg/d	
	Paroxetine	60 mg/d	Up to 100mg/d	80 mg/d	
	Fluvoxamine	300 mg/d	Up to 400 mg/d		
	Citalopram	40 mg/d	Up to 100mg/d	80 mg/d	High dosing controversial given QTc prolongation risk, I consider with EKG, h/o failed medication trials, pt consent
	Clomipramine	250 mg/d			Above max dosing not recommended due to seizure risk

No guidelines on above maximum dosing in BDD exist – doses circled are generally well-tolerated in my practice

Limited alternatives to SSRIs in BDD

- **Clomipramine**, beneficial in RCT, ~140 mg/d, but second-line due to AEs
- SNRIs
 - Being evaluated in BDD given efficacy in OCD but studies limited
 - **Venlafaxine**, effective in small open-label study, ~150-225 mg/d
 - **Duloxetine**, not yet studied, sometimes used, option for pts with pain

Suggested medication approach to BDD



Managing SSRI adverse effects

- AEs more likely in OCD/BDD due to **high SSRI dose requirements**
- **Consider management of AEs** before switching to different agent
- Most common/bothersome include:
 - **Weight gain**
 - **Sexual dysfunction**
 - GI sx
 - Fatigue
 - Sweating

Copyright 2003 by Randy Glasbergen.
www.glasbergen.com

Prescriptions



**"I've been taking this medication for 50 years
and I'm going to sue! The side effects
made me wrinkled, fat and bald!"**

Treatment of weight gain

- **Exercise**
- Refer to **nutrition**
- Add **weight loss medication**
 - Bupropion, particularly if depressed
 - Topiramate 50-100 mg PO QHS
 - Refer to weight center for more weight loss med options
- **Reduce SSRI** dose
- **Switch to an antidepressant** with less weight gain potential



No weight gain

- Bupropion

Minimal weight gain

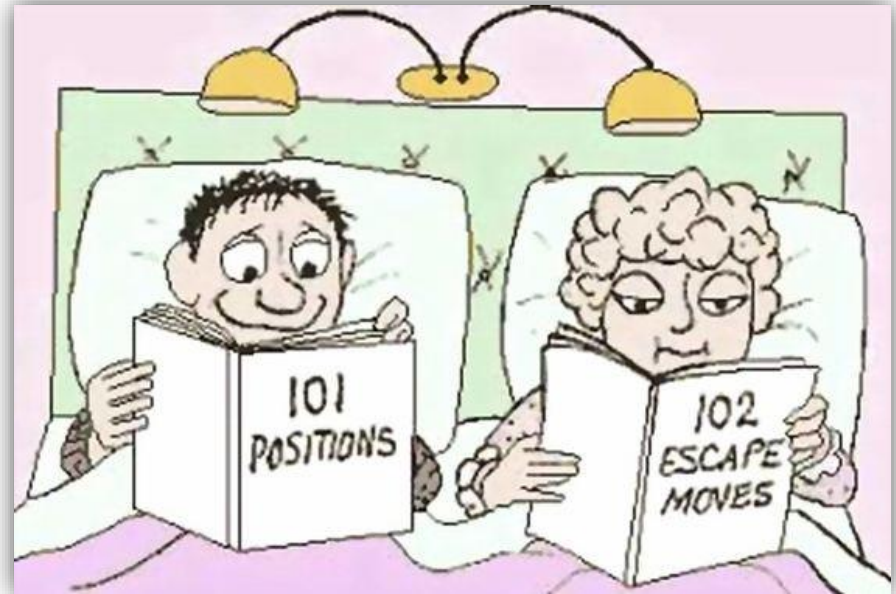
- Sertraline
- Fluoxetine
- Buspirone

Major weight gain

- Paroxetine
- Fluvoxamine
- Clomipramine
- Mirtazapine

Sexual AEs

- One of the **most common reasons for SSRI d/c**
- Occurs in **30-50% of patients** taking SSRIs
- Sx
 - Men/women
 - Reduced libido
 - Erectile dysfunction (ED)
 - Difficulty achieving orgasm



Sexual AEs

- **Wait** (sexual AEs can take 1-2 mo to improve)
- **Add bupropion** (not FDA-approved)
 - Dose-dependent, 2 RCTs, bupropion SR 150 mg daily ineffective, but 150 mg PO BID beneficial
 - Bupropion should not be combined with clomipramine given seizure risk
- **Add Maca root** (not FDA-approved), OTC
 - 2 RCTs for antidepressant-induced sexual dysfunction (men, women)
 - 500 mg PO BID x7d, then 1000 mg PO BID x7d, then 1500 mg PO BID
 - Check TSH ~1 mo after starting
- **Add buspirone** (not FDA-approved)
 - Beneficial in RCT, ~48 mg TDD
- For ED, **add sildenafil** (or equivalent)
- **Reduce SSRI** or **switch** to different SSRI
- **Flibanserin should not be combined with an SSRI**



CBT for BDD

Cognitive restructuring

- Challenge negative thoughts related to appearance

Response (ritual) prevention

- **Limit BDD repetitive behaviors** (e.g. mirror checking)

Behavioral experiments

- **Carry out experiments** to evaluate the accuracy of beliefs about appearance

Exposures

- **Face situations** which might normally be avoided

➤ RCT comparing CBT to waitlist shows 81% responder rate with CBT

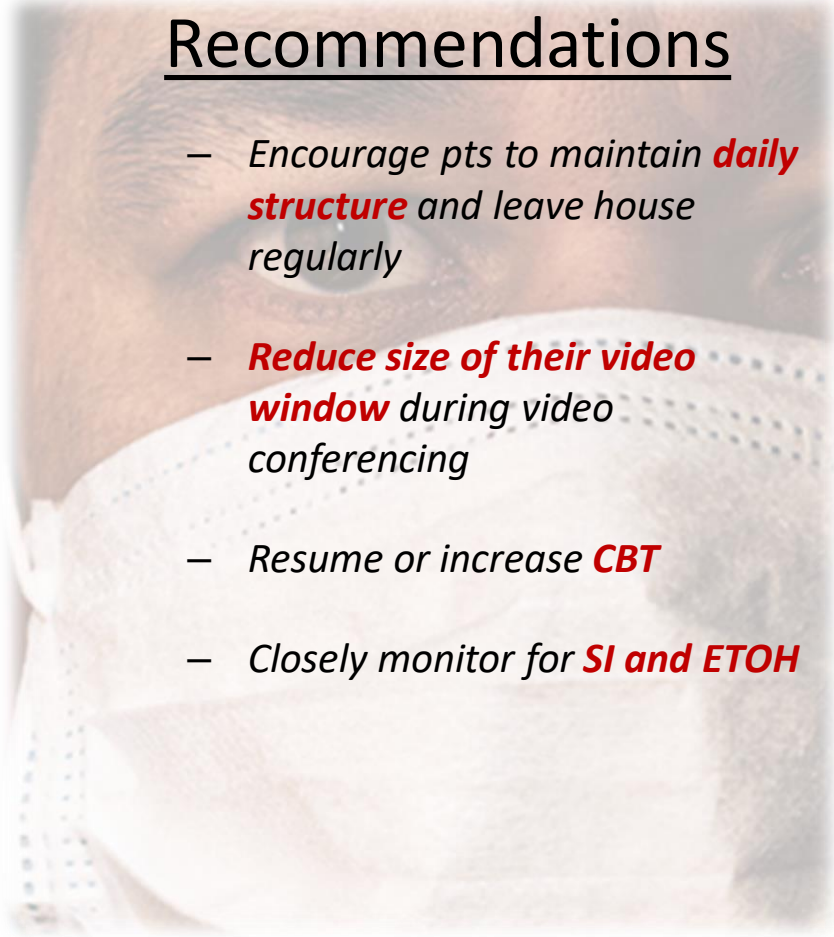
Delusional BDD

- Medication:
 - **Antipsychotic monotherapy NOT proven to be effective**
 - **SSRIs are effective** for pts with delusional BDD and considered first-line
 - For those lacking insight into BDD, pitch SSRI to other psychiatric sx (e.g depression, anxiety)
- Monitor closely for **SI**
- Try to **delay planned cosmetic procedures**

BDD and COVID-19

- ↑BDD w/ pandemic
 - **Prolonged view of self** during video meetings
 - **Zoom filters** can create idealized images (“**snapchat dysmorphia**”)
 - Reduced structure/working from home can increase time for **repetitive behaviors**
 - Excessively researching cosmetic treatments
 - Comparing oneself to online images
 - Increased mirror checking
 - **Reduced exercise** due to gym closures
 - Isolation, increases risk for **SI/substance use**

Recommendations

- 
- Encourage pts to maintain **daily structure** and leave house regularly
 - **Reduce size of their video window** during video conferencing
 - Resume or increase **CBT**
 - Closely monitor for **SI and ETOH**

Resources for BDD

- ***Understanding Body Dysmorphic Disorder*** by Katharine Phillips (comprehensive overview for pts, families, and clinicians)
- ***CBT for BDD, Treatment Manual*** by Sabine Wilhelm et al. (therapist guide)
- ***Feeling Good About the Way You Look*** by Sabine Wilhelm (self-guided CBT)
- **Perspectives** (free BDD mobile app coached by live BDD CBT experts, currently enrolling participants for clinical trial), <https://perspectives.health/try-perspectives-app/>
- **Finding specialists**
 - International OCD Foundation, www.iocdf.org
- **Residential treatment**
 - McLean OCDI Institute, www.mcleanhospital.org/programs/ocd-institute-ocdi
 - Rogers OCD Center, rogersbh.org/what-we-treat/ocd-anxiety/ocd-and-anxiety-residential-services/ocd-center
 - Others...

